ANOTHER FIERCE DAY IN COTTON.

Bulls Waged a Vigorous Campaign and Caused Turn of Tide.

OVERCOME WEDNESDAY SLUMP.

Reported That Sully's Paper Prof its Yesterday Were Two Million Dollars-Battle Attracted Crowds.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL New York, March 5-Cotton bulls and bears continued their duel to-day and there was a turn in the tide. When the close came the bulls, worsted the day before, had not only recovered their lost ground, but their leader, Daniel J. Sully, was declared to be \$2,000,000 ahead in profits on paper, while his purchases had been 100,000 bales out of the 900,000 that figured in the day's transactions. The ordinary daily dealings are from 200,000 to 403,000 bales.

The fight was bitterly contested and ended only at the sounding of the gong at 3 o'clock with the closing prices 29 points above the lowest of the day and an advance of 5 to 6 points over those of Wednesday.
WILD FLUCTUATION.

It was a day of great excitement, Prices fluctuated widely, while brokers stood in the trading pit and excitedly made their bids. There was a concerted attack by the tears at the opening after a slight increas of prices over those of the close the night before, but this was quickly repulsed, and holding their ground firmly the bulls sent up the prices at jumps of one or two points with only intermediate recessions, until the ground lost the day before had been restored to them and a margin of gains had been obtained.

With the opening of the market, came the fray. In the galleries were hundreds to watch the trading and when the fancy iron railing began to show signs of weakening the crowds were pushed back and a rope stretched across.

There was a slight increase in the price of March, May and July cotton, prices over the previous day's closing. This was taken as an effort on the part of Mr. Sully's followers to test the strength of Mr. Price and his supporters and draw their fire. HEAVY LIQUIDATION.

There was heavy liquidation in the early trading. From all directions came selling orders and liquidations from the South. In a condition that bordered almost on complete demoralization, the May and July option prices broke 23 points and the rest of the list went tumbling 10 to 20 points and 13 to 14 points below Wednesday's closing prices. July sold down to 9.40 cents, May 9.63 cents and March 9.70 cents.

Then followed a short-lived raily of 19 points, but in came the solling orders and prices were carried back. It was at the period that the brokers keenly watched Mr. Sully, who had taken a seat at the trading pit side, and, with arms resting on the brass railing, heard the brokers calling their offerings.

BULLS REVIVE MARKET.

BULLS REVIVE MARKET.

Then came midday with prices almost at the lowest notch. There was a luff for a few minutes, and, taking advantage of this, several brokers were sent into the pit by the built with buying orders.

There was a steadying of the tone of the market, and the built clique bought some May cotton, the price running up to 3.N cents before heavy selling caused some uncasiness. During naif an hour the fluctuations were sensational, May prices running down from 9.85 to 9.78c.

There were offerings of tens of thousands of bales, with no apparent support at the time, and while Mr. Sully looked almost unconcernedly at the market's demoralization, and before he began to show his strength, July cotton was tumbling like a hourse of cards and findly went off 2 tion, and before he began to show his strength, July cotton was tumbling like a house of cards, and finally went off 2i points. Before Mr. Sully's brokers had re-ceived their orders to start in and rout the enemy all sorts of rumors were in circula-tion. It was even said, but, as it after-wards appeared, erroneously, that Mr. Sul-ly's New England syndicate was throwing large blocks overboard, while making an apparent demonstration of being pur-chasers.

SULLY'S PLANS.

SULLY'S PLANS.

Mr. Sully's plans were well laid, as the late afterpoon session showed. Moving quietly from one side of the trading pit to the other, Mr. Sully keenly, watched those who were executing his commissions. With the ringing of the gong closing the day's work the hids were March 5.57°C, May 9.82°C and July 9.30°C, with 1 point higher offered in each instance.

At the conclusion of the day Mr. Sully said:

At the conclusion of the day Mr. Sully said:

"The closing prices speak for themselves. I want to deny that I ever said I expected to see 15-cent cotton. That is absurd."

"After a day of feverishness," Mr. Price said, 'during which 9.63 for May was reached and 9.49 for July, the market closed steady, at an advance over last night of 6 points on May contracts and about 5 points on July contracts. The closing figures were 20 points above the lowest prices touched during the forenoon. Vigorous bidding on the part of the buils during the afternoon resulted in the sharp advance. Undue importance has been given to the alleged conflict between the bullish and bearish factions must ultimately fix the price of cotton. It will be a good thing for the market when personalities and individuals are subordinated."

SECRET OF RESTORING SIGHT TO THE BLIND.

Discovery of French Professor Rests on Theory That Man Sees With His Brain-Remarkable Invention,

Paris, March 5.-The remarkable announce ment is made in the Revue des Revues by Doctor Caze, that Professor Peter Steins has discovered the secret of restoring sight to the blind. Doctor Caze explains that Professor Steins tested his wonderful invention on himself, and tells how the Professor is not only able to restore lost sight, but to give vision to those who have never known it. Professor Steins took Doctor Care into dark room and bandaged his eyes so he to and fro, strike a match and light a lamp. Then he felt an apparatus fixed around his temples, whereupon he instantiv saw a dim light which enabled him to distinguish surrounding objects.

Presently the light became stronger and Doctor Caze was able to count the Professor's fingers when they were held up before him and to enumerate other things

In the room.

Just as he was feeling that his victim was clearing further and he was convinced that he would soon see normally Professor Steins suddenly removed the apparatus and Doctor Caze was in total darkness. Professor Steins's claim rests on the theory that man sees with his brain, the eye serving to receive the image which the optic nerve transmits to the seat of perception. If, then the image can be transmitted to the brain without eyes, a blind person can see as well as anybody else.

elise.

The professor's apparatus has the same scientific basis as the telephone, with the substitution of light for sound. Doctor Caze says that several other persons have experimented with the apparatus, but none of them is able to explain how the astounding results are obtained.

Mining States to Make Displays. Doctor W. S. Ward, Fleid Commissioner for the Department of Mines and Metaliurgy, arrived yesterday. It is his first visit here since his appointment in August 1901. He reports that the mining States will be well represented at the Exposition. Colorado, especially, is expected to make a wonderful display of mining machinery in matter.

MRS. GEORGE PLATT WILL FILE **CROSS-BILL IN DIVORCE SUIT.**

Allegations of Uncontrollable Temper Made by Husband in a Petition for Separation Are Stoutly Denied by the Well-Known Society Woman-Declares That She Is Entitled to the Decree and Will Ask the Court to So Award.



MRS. ELLA DUSTIN PLATT.
Whose husband, Elroy S. Platt, has instituted divorce proceedings.

Platt Contracting Company, has entered suit for divorce from Mrs. Platt, who was Suit for divorce from Mrs. Platt, who was Miss Ella Dustin, daughter of Frank W. Dustin, of No. 4132 West Pine boulevard. In his petition Mr. Platt declares that his wife has an uncontrollable temper, and al-leges general indignities. The suit was filed March 2, but not made public until yester-

Mrs. Dustin declares she will file a cross-bill of charges to those entered by her hus-band in his petition for separation, and un-til that cross-bill has been filed by her at-torney, Kimbrough Stone, she will not dis-cuss the suit.

The counts were married a little over a

cuss the suit.

The couple were married a little over a year ago and separated two weeks ago.

They formerly resided at No. 4215 Mc-Pherson avenue, but more recently at the home of Mrs. Platt's parents, where Mrs. Platt is now staying. Mr. Platt is stopping for the present at the Planters Hotel. CROSS-BILL WILL DENY ALLEGATIONS IN PETITION

ping for the present at the Planters Hotel.
CROSS-BILL WILL DENY
ALLEGATIONS IN PETITION.
Mrs. Platt became greatly agitated last night when she learned that the fling of the divorce petition had become known. She declared that not one-half of her matrimonial troubles had been told in the petition and that her side of the story would be told fully in her cross-bill.
Mr. Dustin, the father, declared in excited tones that the allegations made by his son-in-law were false, and that if anyone was entitled to a divorce that person was his daughter.
Mr. Platt, in his petition, charges general indignities, and sets forth specific incidents of marital unhappinese, on which he bases his right to a legal separation.
Mr. Platt has been twice married. His former wife was Miss Cora Sutherland, who died a year after their marriage.
Before her marriage the present Mrs. Platt was frequently heard at fashionable musicales. She appeared in several concerts at the Odeon and Exposition Hall.
"I do not wish to discuss the matter at all," said Mrs. Platt. "My attorney is

Elroy S. Platt, secretary of the George drawing up a cross-bill, and that will contact tain my side of the story."

FATHER SAYS THAT DAUGHTER

Mr. Dustin was considerably exercised over the affair.
"I am sorry this thing has crept out," he said. "The allegations are all false. It is my daughter who is entitled to the divorce, not he. The suit will be contested to the end."

Mrs. Platt is a member of the Roman Catholic Church—a fact which was alluded to by her father in discussing the divorce proceedings.

The suit was filed late in the day of March 2, and a copy of the petition was served on Mrs. Platt that night by Deputy Sheriff Frank Burns.

Mr. Platt is represented by Attorney Albert C. Davis.

According to the petition, Mrs. Platt "was possessed of an uncontrolable temper, so violent, in fact, that it made it impossible for the defendant to live with her with any degree of peace, consequently making his life intolerable."

HUSBAND SAYS WIFE OBJECTED TO HIS STAYING OUT LATE

When seen at the Planters lest night, Mr. Platt stated that his marital troubles began a few days after his marriage.
"My business made it compulsory for me to stay out late at nights on certain occasions, to which my wife took strenuous exception," raid he.
"She frequently assaulted me, without

ception," raid he.

"She frequently assaulted me, without choosing her weapon—just any old thing that happened to be within reach at the time was good enough to strike me with. I never retaliated, for I considered that would be ungentlemanly.

"I have no fear from any charges that my wife might make in her cross-bill. I always conducted myself in a manner becoming a husband."

Mr. Platt is about six feet tall and exceedingly broad of shoulders. He has the appearance of an athlete.

SHOWER OF SILVER DOLLARS FOR MR. AND MRS. CHARLES FUESS,



Who originated the novel idea of silver dollars as presents for their twenty-fifth wed-ding anniversary.

As each guest was welcomed by Mr. and Mr. Fuess said lest night that the reason for this unusual addition to the conventional invitation was to relieve his friends from the necessity of providing costly presented. Mrs. Charles Fuess last night, at the celebration of the silver anniversary of their wedding, the cordial handelasp was accompanied by the clink of a silver dollar as it fell into a silver basket that stood on

a small sliver stand.

The unique idea of receiving only sliver dollars as presents originated with Mr. and Mrs. Fuess. The invitations to the reception contained the following, printed in illuminated sliver letters:
"No presents accepted, unless a sliver dollar."

uscless and decided upon the silver dollar plan.

"The result is that each guest's present is the same and no one's pleasure is spoiled by the thought that his offering does not possess the same intrinsic value as an-other's." WOMAN ASCENDS VOLCANO WITH PARTY OF SCIENTISTS.

band and Others to Persevere

Kingstown, St. Vincent, March 5.—The American scientist, Edmund Hovey, and Professor Lacroix, who was sent out by the French Government to investigate the recent eruptions, accompanied by Mme. Lacroix, the first lady visitor to La Soufriere since the eruptions, ascended the voicano and visited both craters of La Soufriere on March 2, in spite of the geyserlike eruptions which took place at close intervals during their ascension.

When half way up the mountain the party met with a large puff of dust charged with steam, which, after rising to a height of \$,000 feet, fell and besmeared them.

The party halted, but, encouraged by the

pluck displayed by Mme. Lacroix, who urged them to continue the ascent, the scientists proceeded and gained the summit. Immediately after beginning the descent more serious eruptions occurred, and the party was overtaken by a downpour of mud and had a narrow escape. The scientists are still in the volcanic region.

ents. "I know how it is myself." he said, "and at first thought of requesting that no one would bring us a present. Upon thinking it over, however. I decided that this would be useless and decided upon the silver dollar plan.

South Dakota Appropriates \$35,000. A telegram from J. S. Crawford, special Commissioner in the Northwest for the World's Fair, states that the appropriation full for \$35,000, to cover the expenses of South Dakota's display, has passed both houses of the Legislature.

Columbian's Presidents Invited. Columbian's Presidents Invited.
Invitations to the dedicatory caremonies have been sent to Thomas W. Palmer of Derroit and Harlow N. Higginbotham of Chicago who were presidents, respectively, of the World's Columbian Exposition Commission and the Columbian Exposition Company. An invitation has also been sent to Jefferson M. Levy, the owner of Monticello, home of Thomas Jefferson.

REMINGTON GROUP AT GATE OF MIDWAY

Sculptor and Painter of Western Life Designs Cowboy Feature for Fair.

RIDERS IN FURIOUS ACTION.

Figures Shown in the Lark of "Shooting Up the Town" -To Be Done Heroic Size.

Frederick Remington, the sculptor and painter of Western life, will derign a gigantic group of American cowboys "shoot-ing up the town," as a decorative entrance

to the midway at the World's Pair. Karl Bitter, Ohlef of Sculpture for the Exposition, has just closed the contract with Mr. Remireton for this group, which has been completed by the sculptur. It must be modeled in heroic size for installation at the Exposition

be modeled in heroic rize for installation at the Exposition.

The group, which the sculptor calls, "Coming Through the stys," is made up of four cowboys on bronchos, an in visient action. The bronchos are in fell galley, so close abreast that the legs of the riders touch. Broad orims of bombrete, bandana neckerchleta, fringe on the trouser legs and the quirts fastened to the right wrists by leather thongs are wellpring in the wind with the onward sweep of the horses.

A revolver, flourished high in the right hand, is being discharged by each of the riders. The mouths of the group will attract attention, writes thick Bitter.

The group is a plantic representation of the act of "shooting up a town," one of the larks of the Western rough rider. Rding abreast down the street, shouting and shooting and clattering, they strike terror in the hearts of the fownspeople. It is considered great tun for the broncao "busters."

So close together are the actors in this group that the mechanical problem of supporting the horses, some of which have three hoofs off the ground, is simplified in a small bronze the problem would not be difficult, but in a big plaster state, was reconsiderable weight must be carried, actious thought has to be given to supports. The sculptor has solved the problem by joining the group into one mass.

This composition, at the entrance of the Midway, will harmonize with the festal character of that locality. The exuberance of spirit, actuating the rough rider to have his reckless fling, the clamor of his fun, symbolized in the group are the concrete embodiment of the support on the support of his fun, symbolized in the group are the concrete embodiment of the support on the support of his fun, symbolized in the group are the concrete embodiment of the support on the support of his fun, symbolized in the group are the concrete embodiment of the sent mean of the glety boulevard of the Exposition.

GOVERNMENT BOARD TAKES UP AGRICULTURAL EXHIBIT.

Determined That the Display at St Louis Shall Excel Anything Ever Attempted.

The Republic Bureau, 14th St. and Pennsylvania Ave. Washington, March 5.-Chairman Bing-

Washington, March 5.—Chairman Bingham of the Government Board of the World's Fair, composed of the executive officers of the different departments, to-day called for a meeting of that body at the State Department for Saturday.

The board will consider the final disposition to be made of the \$100,000 Government appropriation for a special agricultural exhibit by the many agricultural exhibit by the many agricultural exhibit by the country. No policy for this new undertaking has as yet been outlined by the board, and so as to secure expert views on the subject and to make the money in hand go as far as possible, it was decided to invite the heads of the near-by schools of this character to attend the meeting so that the board may profit by their suggestions.

meeting so that the board may profit by their suggestions.

It is the aim of the board to outdo a similar display by the French Government laid great stress on the resources of its country, on the thoroughness of its arcicultural colleges, and the magnificent results obtained by their own and new scientific methods. It is expected that with the sum in hand America will outdo France and make this display one of the most interesting and instructive of all the governmental exhibits.

ing and instructive of all the governmental exhibits.

Another important subject will be brought to the attention of the board at this session, and will no doubt have the effect of changing the personnel of the board. Before the establishment of the Department of Commerce there were as members of the board representatives of the Fish Commission and Dapartment of Labor. There bureaus have since been put into the new department. With the establishment of the new department with the establishment of the new department its chief clerk was entitled to representation on the board, thus eliminating the present sitting members of the Fish Commission and Department of Labor. Both members were zealous in the interest of success for the Exposition, and regret is expressed by their colleagues on their retirement.

CIRCUIT JUDGE HOUGH
ON WIFE DESEI

It is the duty of an attor divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the control of the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the divorce case, where the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the divorce case, where the shows that a man has deserved in the divorce case, where th

GENERAL CONFERENCE ON PHILIPPINE EXHIBIT.

Government Willing to Arrange Display, but Wants Liberal Approprintion From World's Fair.

The Republic Bureau,

18th St. and Pennsylvania Ave.

Washington, March 5.—There was an extended conference at the War Department to-day concerning the Philippine exhibit of that department. The World's Fair management was represented by Directors Nathan Frank and C. P. Walbridge, General Counsel James L. Blair and A. V. Cockrell of Washington and the department by General Luke Wright and Doctor C. P. Wilson.

A number of propositions were considered, but nothing definite was decided; and those who attended the conference declined to discuss the details until a decision is reached.

It can be stated that the department will, by some means, arrange to give a satisfac-

cuss the details until a decision is reached. It can be stated that the department will, by some means, arrange to give a satisfactory exhibit and its final decision will be made public within a few days.

There is little doubt that a reasonable sum will be expended by the Government for this purpose, but whether it will be as large as was at first intended, or whether it will be contingent upon the local corporation expending a portion of the funds necessary, is not yet decided definitely.

Secretary Root has not been averse to the Government providing a Philippine exhibit, but has taken the position that a liberal and comprehensive exhibit should be made, or none at all. Owing to the present condition of these islands, by which the revenues have greatly decreased, the Secretary thought the local corporation should increase the amount at first proposed as its contribution. These questions all were presented and discussed fully to-day, but the matter was not finally disposed of. The St. Louis visitors are confident it will be adjusted satisfactorily and that the definite announcement to this effect will be given out within a week or so.

PROBLEM OF CARING FOR TROOPS.

PROBLEM OF CARING FOR TROOPS Between 10,000 and 15,000 Soldiers

Must Be Housed and Fed.

Commandant Godwin of the Jefferson Guard is confronted with the problem of accommodating between 10,000 and 15,000 troops of the National Guard at the dedication. tion.

He does not believe that the big camping ground on the site west of Skinker road will be large enough to take care of the soldiers who are expected to participate in the parade.

will be large enough to take care of the soldiers who are expected to participate in the parade.

The camp ground is a level stretch of grass-covered surface. In the southwest corner of the site. It is accessible from the Clayton line of the Chouteau avenue extension of the Transit Company. As considerable space is needed for streets and around the tents, according to the scientific rules for camping, it probably will be found necessary to place some of the visiting regiments on available stretches of clear ground at other points on the site.

The feeding of so large a body of troops is another problem with which Colonel Godwin and the Ceremonies Committee is struggling. The United States troops always carry their own rations and cooks, but the troops of the National Guard have no such provision.

Three methods of feeding the small army are being considered—contracting with an experienced caterer to supply the organization with food to be prepared on the grounds: to supply their own cooks or to "commute" the rations into money so that each soldier may buy his food as he pleases. All three of the plans may be used.

UNION CLUB MEMBERS JOLLY JAPS IN PRESENTING THE OPERA, "MIKADO."



WILLIAM GRAEPER, Who sang Nanki-Poo.

Although the lines and music were familiar to nearly every one, the spontaneous enthusiasm of the amateur actors admitted of a somewhat new interpretation of the plece and easily captivated the audience. The characters were elaborately costumed and more attention was paid to details than is usual in amateur productions. The tableaux evidently had been carefully re-hearsed and the color schemes were artis-The Three Little Maids from School, the Misses Gay Maclivaine, Alice Trorlicht and Marie Dierkes, were especially well received.
The cast follows: The Mikado of Japan. Dempster Godicer
The Mikado of Japan. Dempster Godicer
Nankt-Foo, his son, disguised as a wandering minstrel, and in love with Yum.
Yum
Ko-Ko, Lord High Executioner of Titipu. Herry
Herry M. Sieber, W. H.
Poepping.
Music director, Noel Poepping.
Stage manager, Ben Becker.

CRIMINAL CHARGE MAY FOLLOW DIVORCES GRANTED FOR DESERTION.

Judge Hough Says Lawyers Who Obtain Decrees for Deserted Wives Should Prosecute Recreant Husbands,

nues, last night by a cast composed en

tirely of club members.

ON WIFE DESERTERS. . It is the duty of an attorney in a shows that a man has deserted his • wife, to have the man prosecuted under the criminal statute relating to • wife abandonment. A few examples • of this sort would tend to break up . From Judge Hough's stafements .

Circuit Judge Warwick Hough has adopted the practice of calling to the attention of attorneys in divorce cases where the evi-dence shows wife desertion that it is their duty to have the man punished under the criminal statute relating to such offenses. Before adjourning the afternoon session of court yesterday, during which several di-vorce cases were tried, he took a copy of the statutes and read aloud the section reating to wife abandoment.

bench.

Marriages, he said, are too recklessly entered into, or a passing acquaintance. The men, in many cases, desert their wives in a short time. At the expiration of a year sult for divorce follows.

In other cases, he said, the desertion takes place after years of married life, when sevilation to the matter, and it is likely they will aid in the movement to prevent the evil. bench.

Marriages, he said, are too recklessly en-tered into, or a passing acquaintance. The men, in many cases, desert their wives in a short time. At the expiration of a year sult for divorce follows.

The law provides a penalty of one year in jail and a fine of \$1,000.

He then announced his views from the

MOTION TO DISSOLVE INJUNCTION DELAYED

Attorneys for Trainmen and Firemen's Committees Preparing Case With Great Care.

IMPORTANT POINT AT ISSUE.

Leader Claims That Denunciatory Letter Was Not Distributed Among Trainmen and Firemen-Was Unauthorized.

It is expected that the motion to dissolve the injunction against the trainmen and firemen's committees will not be made today, and probably not until next week.

arisen which necessitate extreme care in handling the case, and, while all possible haste is being made by the attorneys in preparing the case, they realize that the question at issue is too important to have any point overlooked.

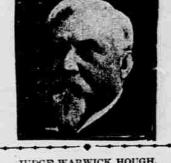
The services of Frederick N. Judson of

the firm of Judson & Green, have been en-gaged to assist the counsel of the organiza-"Everything is for the present in the

"Everything is for the present in the hands of our attorneys," said P. H. Morrissey yesterday, "we will not make a move until the injunction has been dissolved.

"If it is dissolved I cannot say what our next move will be. It may be some time before the case is finished, and a change in conditions may have taken place by then."

"Like the trainmen, we are waiting on our attorneys," said Mr. Hannahan, grand master of the Order of Locomotive Fire-



JUDGE WARWICK HOUGH.

eral children have been born. Wife and children are abandoned by husband and fa-ther, who makes no provision for their sup-

ther, who makes no provision for their support.

Men should be made to realize, he said, that the obligations of married life are not to be so lightly dealt with.

A divorce is frequently what the man wants. After it is granted he marries again and does the same thing over.

The conviction of a few such men, Judge Hough stated, would have the effect of making others live up to their marital obligations; it would prevent men from marrying women and deserting them in a short time. The granting of a divorce does not prevent the man from being punished for the desertion.

Judge Hough was induced to take the ac-

nen. "A committee of my order has in cosultation with Manager Cotter of the Missouri Pacific. "There is no serious question at issue in this matter. We have been exceedingly well

treated by Mr. Cotter, who has assured us that all that can be will be done." In regard to the dentaclatory letter written by one of the members of the cr-

ders and supposed to have been sent to the trainmen and firemen at the time the poll was taken, W. G. Lee, first vice grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, said: 'That letter which has been placed on record by the Wabash as evidence that we were threatening the road was written by one of the members of the committees in St. Louis at the time the poll was ordered. "He wrote it in a spirit of jest, and in

response to demands for copies had several made by a stenographer.
"That was as far as the letter went except that one of the men took a copy to

Mr. Ramsey.
"I do not believe they were sent out to the trainmen and firemen, and I know that they were not authorized by the commit-tees or the leaders. WILL "FOLLOW THE

FLAG TO VICTORY." "In the last sentence where it says: 'Fol-low the flag to victory, or so soil it that it will never be raised again,' the banner of the brotherhood is alluded to, and not the Wabash flag, as was supposed.'

Concession Granted Chicagoans. A concession to be known as the Silver Souvenir Rings Concession has been granted by the Executive Committee to Eldridge & Moss of Chicago. The committee has approved contracts for the extension of the present sewage and drainage system and for the inclosing of the site.

Congress Appropriates \$175,000. The sundry civil bill which passed Congress shortly before the close of the session carries with it World's Fair appropriations amounting to \$175,000, of which \$190,000 is for Agricultural College exhibits; \$16,000 for Alaskan exhibits, and \$25,000 for Indian exhibits.

NEW YORK-On the ground that her le-gal residence is in San Francisco, Mrs. Theresa A. Celrichs, daughter of the late Senator Fair, has been relieved of an as-sessment of \$1,600,000 levied against her by the department of taxes and assessments.

MONEY AND JEALOUSY **MOTIVES FOR CRIME**

Authorities Keep Close Watch on Woman Know to Be Close Acquaintance of Burdick.

HEAVY DEBT HANGS OVER HER.

Payment Due About the Time of the Murder May Have Made Her Penniless-Man's Attentions Turned Toward Another. .

Buffalo, N. Y., March 5.- "Our case has not been weakened in any way; it has not been strengthened. That I regard as & good sign."

These words, uttered by D'strict Attorney Contsworth, when he left his office this aftermoon, after another day of probing in the Burdick murder mystery, briefly summarizes the situation to-night.

marizes the situation to night.

The woman suspected of the murder of Edwin L. Burdick is under the watchful eyes of some of the most watchful detectives in the city. She cannat escape.

When the authorities are satisfied that they have sufficient evidence to convict, she will be placed under arrest. Consequently they can continue the work of weaving a web of evidence about the person whom they believe to be guilty and at the same time not ruin the chances of conviction by a hasty move.

Several persons called at the District Attorney's office to-day of their own volition or went there accompanied by detectives. The rule established by Mr. Coatsworth not to divulge the names of his callery has been rigidly adhered to.

ONE VISITOR KNOWN.

ONE VISITOR KNOWN.

ONE VISITOR KNOWN.

One of the callers was known to several of those who saw him enter the attorney's office. This is Fitch D. Stowell, Mr. Burdick's brother-in-law. Burdick's sister, was Stowell's wife.

The District Attorney said that Mr. Stowell simply told what he knew about file Burdick family and members. It is understood that nothing having an immediate bearing on the tragedy was disclosed.

The District Attorney has frequently spoken of evidence in his possession that would suggest a motive for the crime other than the fear of disclosures that would likely be made in divorce proceedings. What the evidence is the authorities will not say.

would likely be made in divorce proceed-ings. What the evid-lice is the authorities will not say.

It is said on good authority, however, that the evidence relates to a woman who was in severe straits for money.

This woman is not a member of the Bur-dick household, but her name has been mentioned frequently in connection with the tragedy. Her necessity was such that when she wished to do some house fur-nishing she bought her goods on the install-ment plan.

ment plan BORROWED MONEY.

ment plan.

She also borrowed money from a money lender. It was quite a large sum and she gave security for it. The police, when questioned regarding this mortgage and the woman's embarrassment to find means of maintaining a pretentious house, acknowledged that they knew the fact and investigated it.

They knew that she had been intimately acquainted with Burdick and she was in severe straits. It was also stated that for a short time before the murder a coolness had sprung up between the woman and Burdick.

It is known that one of the payments on the mortgage was due about the time Burdick was murdered. A lawyer who carries or the legal business for the money lender received the money for the payment due. This is known beyond doubt.

It may be that the payment left her pennicas, and that she appealed to Burdick for more funds. In any event the police believe the fact of straitened circumstances is established, and they are giving it the greatest importance in the inquiry into a motive for the murder.

The woman's circumstances and the fact that it had been rumored that Burdick was at the time paying more attention to another woman, the police say, would tend to make the woman both desperate and insanely jealous.

KILLED BY FORMER ST. LOUIS WOMAN

Mrs. R. G. Welford Shot C. W. Depew After a Lively Chase.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Memphis, Tenn., March 5.-Mrs. R. G. Welford to-day shot and instantly killed C. W. Depew after chasing him over the premises for half an hour.

The tragedy occurred at Aulon, a little station six miles from Memphis.

When the officers arrived Mrs. Welford was sitting in the doorway, gazing at a crowd gathered five yards distant, and then, womanlike, fainted.

Depen was a partner of Welford in the

crowd gathered five yards distant, and then, womanilike, fainted.

Depew was a partner of Welford in the dairy business, and there has been war in camp for several days.

This morning Welford left his home, and the woman to square accounts with the man who she charged had robbed her husbard, fired upon him.

The shot that proved fatal entered Depew's back, penetrating the lungs.

Mrs. Welford came from St. Louis, her mother being Mrs. A. Gamble of No. 5379 St. Louis avenue. She also lived in New Orleans at one time.

She and her husband took first premiums for fine stock at the St. Louis Fair in 1894 and 1896 and at the Illinois State Fair in 1895.

BIRTHDAY OF ROBERT EMMET CELEBRATED BY LOYAL IRISH.

Father Doyle of Anniston, Ala., Delivers Principal Address Before Big Audience at Germania Theater.

Capacity of the Germania Theater was taxed to its utmost last night to accomdate the loval Irish-Americans who turned out with the Irish Nationalists, to commem-orate the one hundred and twenty-fifth birthday of Ireland's patriot and martyr.

out with the Irish Nationalists, to commemorate the one hundred and twenty-fifth birthday of Ireland's patriot and martyr, Robert Emmet.

The commemorators entered into the spirit of the evening with hearts and hands, greeting the very mention of the name of Emmet with enthusiasm. A lengthy programme of rausic and literary numbers was rendered, which, along with the oration of the Reverend Fathe. Francis C. Doyle of Anniston, Ala., the sp-aker of the evening, kept all present keyeu up to a high pitch of patriotism until nearly midnight.

In a polished and scholarly manner, Father Doyle retraced a part of early Irish history and likened the deeds of Cromwell against his people to the deeds of the drunken Nero against the Christians, dilating upor the fact that the acts never had, nor never would, subdue the unconquerable Irish love of freedom. He traversed the battle-fields of the world in metaphor and showed his listeners where the Irish had fought and won battles for almost every known country except their own, and gradually led his hearers up to the life deeds and death of Robert Emmet, Ireland's most picturesque character, immortalized by Thomas Moore in poetry and song.

Emmet's school days, his subsequent flight and capture, as well as his sweet but unfortunate love story, was retold in a manner that went to the hearts of his listeners and earned for the speaker hearty applace at its conclusion.

The Reverund Father Timothy Dempsey of St. Patrick's Parish read a number of resolutions declaring the principles of the Irish Nationalists. The resolutions fairly emitted sparks of Irish patriotic fire, and, while not countenancing rash actions by members of the ergenization, asserted that the laws of God destined that Ireinnd should be an independent nation, and Justified to win its way to freedom by the sword.

The resolutions ended by saying: "We ask the race at home and abroad to steadily prepare for the opportunity (and to make it if they can) to strike the final blow that will make Ireland a nation among na